From a Problem to a Business Opportunity

Design for Environmental Biodegradability



Prof. Dr. Klaus Kümmerer



Institute of Sustainable and Environmental Chemistry

http://www.leuphana.de/en/institutes/isec.html



International Sustainable Chemistry Collaborative Centre

http://isc3.org

1. Introduction

- 2. Approach
- 3. Examples
- 4. Conclusions





Increasingly End of Life Issues

(concentration, temporal and spatial scales, variety of micro pollutants)

Number of pharmaceuticals detected in surface water, ground water, tap water (number per country)



Tim aus der Beek, Frank-Andreas Weber, Axel Bergmann, Gregor Grüttner, Alexander Carius: Pharmaceuticals in the environment: Global occurrence and potential cooperative action under the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management (SAICM), Umweltbundesamt, Texte Nr. 67/2016, Berlin, September 2016, 38







Metformin and Biotransformation Product Guanyl Urea

German Rivers Elbe, Weser and North Sea







Elimination of Micro-Pollutants in Advanced Waste Water Treatment

tion [%]	100 80 60 40 20	Ozonation
Eliminat	0	Paracetamol Inmethoprim Sotalol Mefenamic acid Propranolol Gemfibrozi Ofloxacin Bisphenol A Clindamycin Bisphenol A Clindamycin Bisphenol A Sulfamethoxacole Bisphenol A Asithromycin Bisphenol A Altarolo Intervol Atravin Diatrizol acid Atravin Diatrizol acid Diatrizol acid
ion [%]	100 80 60 40 20	PACX/UF
Eliminat	ŭ	Paracetamol Paracetamol Propranotri Norfloxacin Ibuprofen Offoxacin Ibuprofen Offoxacin Bisphenol A Naproxen Triclosan Metromidazole Simvastatin Bisphenol A Naproxen Diazinon Bisphenol A Naproxen Diazinon Bezafibrazie Benzotriazole Carbamazepine Triclosan Metroprofen Diazino Diazino Diaz
		Margot et al. 2013, Sci. Total Environ. 2013, 461-462, 480-498





Many Precursors - One Transformation Product

(formation of possibly unknown, toxic chemicals in advanced effluent treatment)



LEUPHANA



One Precursor – Many Transformation Products

UV-Photolysis of Ciprofloxacin

Detected Transformation Products (High Resolution LC-MS/MS)



Haddad T. and Kümmerer K. (2015), Chemosphere 115, 40-46





Toxicity of CIP Photo Products (Micro-Nucleus Test, Cell Toxicity)



Garcia-Käufer, Haddad, Bergheim, Gminski, Gupta, Mathur, Kümmerer, Mersch-Sundermann (2012), ESPR, 19, 1719-1727





Limits of (Advanced) Effluent Treatment

Not just many different parent compounds – also often numerous unknown transformation products per parent compound

Too little knowledge, too many compounds for targeted treatment and end points for a risk assessment





Products of Incomplete Mineralization (mostly unknown!)







Dynamics of Compounds Usage of Pharmaceuticals (Germany)







Short Comings of (Advanced) Effluent Treatment

- Advanced filtration technologies (reversed osmosis, membrane filtration, nano-filtration), and (photo)oxidation technologies are emerginng.
- Even combibations fail to remove all aconatminant
- Efficiency depends strongly on the type of compound.
- AOP: Reaction by-products may be toxic, mutagenic, genotoxic, …
- Costs?
- Storm water?
- Infiltration of the ground before STP?





Increasing Need of Water (Re)use



UPHANA

Institut für Nachhaltige Chemie und Umweltchemie > 80% of the world's wastewater released untreated

Increasing need of water (re)use (population growth, climate change



1. Introduction

- 2. Approach
- 3. Examples
- 4. Conclusions





A smart person solves a problem.

A wise person avoids it.



Attributed to Albert Einstein





A smart person solves a problem.

A wise person avoids it.

Attributed to Albert Einstein



Measures at the source (users, molecules)

Kümmerer K., et al. Science 361 (6399), 222-224 (2018) Kümmerer K., et al. Science of the Total Environment,





Less Usage-Feasible?







Less Usage-Feasible! Use Patterns (DDD per 1000 people per day)





ISC₃

Less Usage-Feasible! Use patterns (DDD per 1000 people) Antibiotics 2011







Health at a Glance:

Europe 2014

Less Usage-Feasible! Use Patterns Veterinary Antibiotics (EU) (mg/kg Biomass)







In the Patient Less excretion

- Improved up take in the intestine and the target (drug delivery, drug targeting, resorption)
- Improved degradation of the non resorbed share in the intestine
- Watch out! Compounds of higher efficacy may result in lower amounts and environmental concentrations but not lower risk!





Compounds Still Needed and Excreted

What Is the Problem ?

Persistence





Avoiding Environmental Persistence







Suitainable Chemistry and Pharmacy 2 (2015) 31-36

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect
Sustainable Chemistry and Pharmacy
journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/scp

Putting benign by design into practice-novel concepts for green and sustainable pharmacy: Designing green drug derivatives by non-targeted synthesis and screening for biodegradability

Christoph Leder, Tushar Rastogi, Klaus Kümmerer*

Sustainable Chemistry and Material Resources. Institute of Sustainable and Environmental Chemistry. Leuphana University Lüneburg, C13, Schamhorststraß-L, DE-21335 Lüneburg, Germany



Editor in Chief K. Kümmerer Leuphana Universität Lüneburg

Associate Editors

James Clark University of York Nicholas Gathergood Tallinn University of Technology Borhane Mahjoub University of Sousse Ayrton Martins Universidade Federal Santa Maria Benoit Roig University of Nimes

OPEN ACCESS OPTIONS

Andread and Secondary and Pranking profiles in Provide the replace to posterior prepare operations. Second to posterior for example to change resource the rest of control to change.







Stability i.e. Reactivity (!) is a Function of ...

- Diversity of metabolic enzymes, e.g. bacteria: narrow spectrum in humans, broad spectrum in the environment
- pH (municipal sewage 7-9; stomach < 2)
- Redox potential: gut anaerobic, environment often aerobic
- Light: access, spectrum, and intensity; photolysis type I & II (e.g. by presence of humic substances)
- Temperature
- Concentration
- Humidity

. . .

🛄 Kümmerer K., Green Chem. 9, 899

📖 Kümmerer K., In: Kümmerer K., Hempel M. (Eds) Green and Sustainable Pharmacy , Springer 2010)







Rational Drug Design - Revisited

- High oral absorption
- Effective and efficient
- Receptor specific
- Reduced/no unwanted side-effects
- metabolized to harmless metabolites
- ...
- High degree of mineralization after introduction into the environment





What Would that do to the Drug Discovery Process?

- Starting from (already known?) lead structure
- Optimization as usual (e.g. by chemo informatics)
- New: including after use life at early stage
 - Challenging
 - Paradigm shift
 - Fascinating problem (not toxic/envionmenatlly biodegradable)





Introduction Approach Examples Conclusions







Environmental Science and Technology, 49, 11756–11763 (**Propranolol**; editors choice, open access)



Klaus Kümmerer

OH

4-Hydroxypropranolol

 \bigotimes

LEUPHANA

Institut für Nachhaltige Chemie und Umweltchemie

Pharmacological Activity of 4-Hydroxypropranolol In Vitro Analysis



Re-Design and De-Novo Design Examples

Anti-Cancer Drugs: patent



Rümmerer K, Frei E, Marano G, Wiessler M., in preparation





Re-Designing of Existing Pharmaceuticals for Environmental Biodegradability: A Tiered Approach with β -Blocker Propranolol as an Example

Tushar Rastogi, Christoph Leder, and Klaus Kümmerer*

Sustainable Chemistry and Material Resources, Institute of Sustainable and Environmental Chemistry, Leuphana University Lüneburg, C13, DE-21335 Lüneburg, Germany

- Rastogi T, Leder C, Kümmerer K (2014) Chemosphere, 111, 493–499 (Metoprolol)
- Rastogi T, Leder C, Kümmerer K (2015) RSC Advances, 5, 27-32 (Atenolol)

Antibiotics: Two patent apllications pending





Carrots

- Prolonged patent life-time
- Fast track authorization
- Precautionary principle (subset of arguments)



US- Department of Agriculture

- Important contribution to CSR
- Increased reputation
- Vision: "next generation" is greener!



Incentives

New compound

New business opportunity







Carrots



Opportunity/business case

VS.

falling behind







... and Sticks

- EMA: Revision of EMEA guideline (EU Parliament)?
- EEA Report 1/2010: "Pharmaceuticals in the Environment
- Legislation (e.g. EU Water Framework Directive)
- U.S. Senate Hearing

 \bigotimes

Institut für Nachhaltige nemie und Umweltchemie

• The greener consumer



A Technical report | No. 17201

Pharmaceuticals in the environment Results of an EEA workshop

European Environment Agency 🎇

http://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/ pharmaceuticals-in-the-environment-resultan-eea-workshop





Schering-Plough (Press release 2007)

New product for birth control under investigation

- Composition:
 - natural, degradable estrogens
 - and a biodegradable progesterone





Arguments and Counter Arguments

Ethics: Not to deny anyone from a new pharmaceutical, however, how many are not developed for economical reasons (antibiotics, malaria, AIDS, lepra, children ...)

Costs: Drug development is very expensive, however, quite a big share of costs is related to marketing (> 2/3?)

Shortage of new compounds: further regulation (environment) will result in less compounds, however,

(1) already more than one compound on the market for most groups (e.g. sartanes)
(2) new regulations result in the longer run in new and better compounds (see e.g. increased toxicological requirements after Contergan case) - new innovation space





Instead of a Summary

New ideas are not successful because the people sticking to the old ideas are convinced but because they will die out and the next generation is raised with the new ideas.



Max Planck





Take-Home Message

- 1. (Advanced) Effluent treatment cannot cope with the challenge
- 2. Re-Design can result in active but environmentally biodegradable pharmaceuticals
- 3. Environmental biodegradability can be included in denovo design
- 4. Benign by Design is a new business opportunity!



